sluggish. If You are showing signs of old age, if you are losing your buoy ancy—your charm—your personality—your manly vigor, or your feminial magnetism—Begin To Drink Yerbavida!"; (small leaflet) "Guarded Secret of the Orient for Stimulating The Glands! Send us fifteen cents in coin (no stamps) and we will mail you a sample copy of The Cosmic Dawn, a magazine that will tell you many things you should know—practical methods of increasing your Will, Magnetic Charm, and Power—Knowledge that may change your whole future life. In it you will find advice concerning your health, your mind, your social and domestic problems, and your finances. In fact, you will find much that will add to your prosperity and happiness. In addition to this you will receive, absolutely free, a Marvelous Exercise for stimulating the Endocrine Glands. Its effect is instantaneous. In one minute and a half you will feel lighter in body and clearer in head than you have ever felt before. With continued practice its effect on the memory and the mental powers will be astonishing. It has been a guarded secret of the Orient for centuries. Do This Exercise! Drink Yerbavida! and note the wholesome changes taking place in your health and in your affairs."

On October 17, 1933, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court

that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

M. L. WILSON, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

21512. Adulteration and misbranding of Compound Epsom Salt Tablets. U. S. v. 9 Dozen Bottles of Compound Epsom Salt Tablets. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. no. 31062. Sample no. 43037-A.)

This case involved a product represented to be Epsom salt tablets. Examination of the article showed that the two tablets specified in the directions as a dose contained but one-twentieth of a dose of Epsom salt, the two tablets, however, containing somewhat more than 1 grain of phenolphthalein to which

could be ascribed its therapeutic effect.

On September 11, 1933, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of nine dozen bottle of compound Epsom salt tablets at New York, N.Y., alleging that the article hac been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about July 25, 1933, by Hance Bros. & White, Inc., from Philadelphia, Pa., and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

Analysis of a sample of the article by this Department showed that the tablets contained 5.1 grains of Epsom salt and two-thirds of a grain of phenolphthalein

each. The active ingredient in the article was phenolphthalein.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that its strength and purity fell below the professed standard or quality under which it was sold, namely, "Compound Epsom Salt Tablets."

Misbranding was alleged for the reason that the statement on the label,

"Compound Epsom Salt Tablets", was false and misleading.

On October 9, 1933, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

21513. Misbranding of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. U. S. v. 141 and 141
Packages of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. Default decrees of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. nos. 30928, 31045.
Sample nos. 40571-A, 40597-A.)

Examination of the drug preparation Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets disclosed that the article contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing certain curative and therapeutic effects claimed in the labeling.

On August 22 and September 21, 1933, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court libels praying seizure and condemnation of 282 packages of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, in part on or about June 19, 1933, by F. A. Stuart, and in part on or about August 14, 1933, by the F. A. Stuart Co., from Marshall, Mich., and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act as amended.